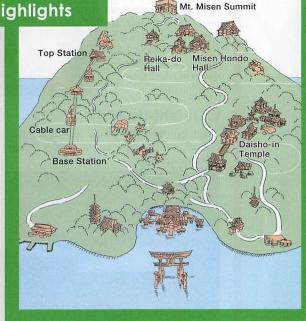
Miyajima Mt. Misen Highlights



The Sacred Mountain of Mt. Misen

Mt. Misen is situated in the center of Miyajima Island, known as one of three most beautiful scenic spots in Japan. The mountain was opened as an ascetic holy mountain site by Kukai, posthumously called Kobo Daishi, in the autumn of 806 when he underwent ascetic practice for one hundred days on the mountain. The fire lit by Kobo Daishi is said to have been burning for 1200 years. The fire was used to light the Flame of Peace in the Hiroshima Peace Memorial Park. On the mountain are various spiritual sites which remind us of the holy deeds performed by Kobo Daishi. The panoramic view from



the top of the mountain is magnificent. Reika-do Eternal Fire Hall . . .

The ceremony is held to give thanks to old kitchen knives that are no longer usable. It also offers a memorial service for the animals that have lost their lives.

Fire Walking Ritual (April 15 and November 15)

Annual

New Year Ritual (January 1 to 3) Starting at 12:00 AM New Year's Day, special rituals are offered for family hap-

piness, health and realizing worship-pers' wishes.

Setsubun Warding - Off Evil Ritual

After the Dai-hannya Sutra Chanting Ritual for warding off evil, bean and mochi rice cakes are thrown to bring in

Ceremony for Kitchen Knives

<February 3>

(March 8)

Grand Rituals are held twice a year to honor the Three Awesome Forest Deities of Mt. Misen. During the Goma Fire Ritual, which uses the Eternal Fire lit 1200 coals while praying for health.

Kannon Grand Ritual (August 10)

It is believed that if worshippers offer prayers to Kannon Bosatsu, or Deity of Mercy on that day, they are given the same blessings as if they offered prayers for forty-eight thousand days.

Lantern Ritual (September 9 to 11)

lanterns in the wish for an everlasting peaceful world.

Miyajima Misen

http:www.galilei.ne.jp/daisyoin/

Daisho-in Temple

739-0592 TEL (0829)44-0111 FAX (0829)44-0428

Open:8AM – 5PM No admission fee is required.

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of victory and wealth, is among them.

nifestations of his determination.

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these divine entities. Bishamon Ten, symbol ages, showing their commitment to protecting

often placed close to Nyorai or Bosatsu im-

are guardians of Buddhism. Ten images are

Ten are originally ancient Indian deities and

movable King, holds a sword and rope as ma-

The frighteningly faced Fudo Myo-o, or Im-

to make humans follow Buddhist teachings.

expressions show their strong determination

Nyoral, or Cosmic Buddha. Their fierce facial

Myo-o deities are the envoys from Dainichi

EFA (0-0VM)

210 Miyajima-cho, Hatsukaichi-shi, Hiroshima-ken, Japan



Events





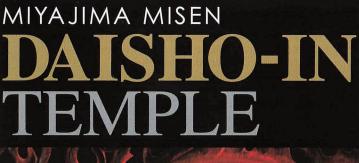














irrigation ponds. Kobo Daishi is also well-known as one of the three

the first comprehensive school for common people and repairing

the then-capital city of Xian. His achievements include establishing

profound esoteric teachings under Keika, a leading Buddhist priest, in

Shingon sect. In 804, aged 31, he went to Tang China. He mastered

Kukai, posthumously known as Kobo Daishi, is the founder of the

Kobo Daishi Kukai, Founder of the Shingon Sect

usiyppn

sect teaches that humans can attain enlightenment through rituals

The Shingon sect is known as esoteric Buddhism in Japan. The

The Shingon Sect and Other Buddhist Sects in Japan

combining physical, spoken and mental disciplines.



-ilqds estites", is the Shingon phrase appli-

blessings. "Nam Honzon Kale", meaning "I entrust

allegiance to various Buddhist deities and acquire

chanting the Shingon words, humans show their

an language of Sanskrit. It is believed that through pers chant the Shingon words in the ancient Indi-In the Shingon sect, Buddhist priests and worship-

and chant the Shingon words, asking for magical

called Goma that hold the prayers of worshippers

This is called the Goma Ritual. Priests burn sticks

Shingon words and keeping a little fire burning.

might see a priest at the Buddhist altar chanting

SnopnidS si tsdW 🕗

of Buddhist deities, it is customary to put your hands together, chant in the basin located near the Niomon Gate. When standing in front

some Shingon words while clearing your mind, and bow.

Information about Climbing Mt. Misen

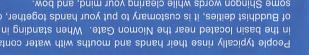
A ninety-minute hike up a fairly steep path from Daisho-in Temple

takes you to the top of Mt. Misen. On the way back, another route

is available. After a thirty-minute walk to the station on the top,

you can take the cable car back down the mountain.

People typically rinse their hands and mouths with water contained

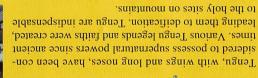




cable to all deities.

power from the deities.

to the Holy Sites on Mountains



Tengu, Indispensable Entities

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Additional Information

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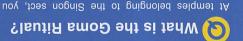


Buddhism and Shinto syncretism. the new Meiji government issued a ban forbidding in the precincts of Shinto shrines until 1868, when deities, and affiliated Buddhism temples were built 8th century, Buddhism temples enshrined Shinto to with Buddhism in pre-modern times. From the religious belief which incorporated indigenous Shin-Syncretism of religions in Japan is a long-practiced

Sold Day wear red bibs?



as though they were their lost children. red bibs and caps like babies. Parents who have sticks. In some cases, Jizo images are wearing depicted as Buddhist monks holding walking other Bosatsu images. Jizo images are usually Jizo Bosatsu images are depicted differently from



Introduction to Buddhist Deities

deities: Nyorai, Bosatsu, Myo-o, and Ten. embody Buddhist philosophy, and other various Buddhist deities are incarnated in figures of Dainichi Nyorai. There are four groups of Buddhist In esoteric Buddhism, Dainichi Nyorai, or Cosmic Buddha, is believed to



sions such as jewelry or other ornaments. desire, all Nyorai images are without possesof their enlightenment and liberation from who have attained enlightenment. As a sign highest deities in Buddhism. They are the ones Nyorai, commonly called Buddhas, are the

[ustssod] 뢠울

tion, Bosatsu images hold various objects. on earth are saved. To show their determinanot to becoming Nyorai unless all sufferers ascetics. They are the ones who are committed enment. However, Bosatsu are not ordinary undergoing ascetic training to attain enlight-Bosatsu, or Bodhisattvas, are the ones who are



9lqm9T ni-odzigU



Tendai sect

toos nogaid2 🗖

Emperor Meiji honored the tem-Family until the 19th century. had close links with Imperial hall in the temple. The temple peror Toba founded his prayer pan. In the 12th century, Emples in the western part of Ja--met prestigious Shingon tem-Daisho-in Temple is one of the

greatest calligraphers of Japan.

relationship with Itsukushima Shinto Shrine on Miyajima Island. the temple had had twelve affiliated temples. It also had a close ple by staying there in 1885. Until the Meiji Restoration of 1868,

Some Information about Buddhism

.GA vrutnes hið eht ni nagal of besubortni asw practicing Shakyamuni's teachings. It is believed that Buddhism by attaining enlightenment and eradicating suffering through BC. The supreme objective of Buddhism is to reach Buddhahood historical Buddha, in India on the River Ganges in the 5th century Buddhism is a world religion founded by Shakyamuni, or the

Niomon Gate

This serves as the official gateway into the temple. A pair of guardian king statues stand by the gate. Nio kings are believed to ward off evil, and are determined to preserve Buddhist philosophy on earth.



2 Dai-hannyakyo Sutra

The six hundred volumes of Dai-hannyakyo Scripture were introduced from India by a Chinese monk named Sanzo. It is believed that touching these sutras will bring you enormous fortune.



8 Reiho-kan Hall

This hall was established to exhibit treasures possessed by Daisho-in Temple. These include the oldest seated Fudo Myo-o image with braided hair in Japan, designated as an important cultural asset by the central government.

④500 Rakan Statues



Lining the steps to the temple are the statues of five hundred of Shaka Nyorai's disciples. These images all have unique facial expressions.

6 Belfry

The bell was rung to tell the time in the morning, afternoon and evening in the past. Now it is rung to start the time for worship.

OSutra Registration Office In this office. worshippers receive an acknowl-edgement from the temple after offering sutra transcription or recitation.

Information Office

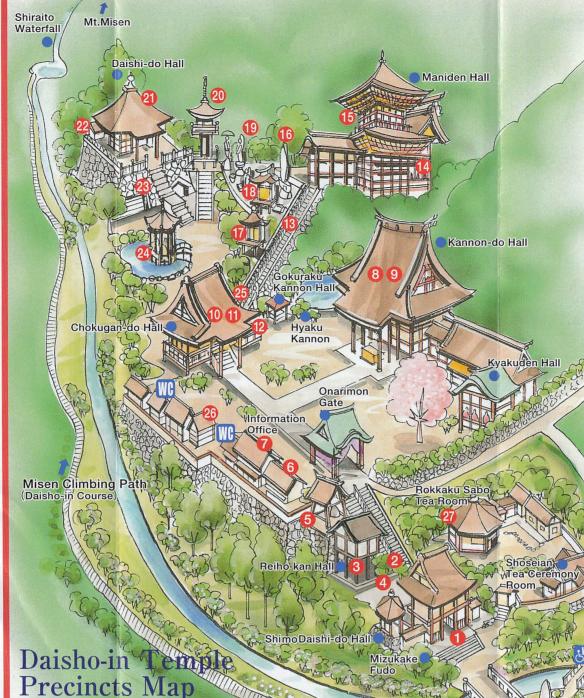
Various prayers and pilgrimages are registered in the office. Items related to Buddhism can be purchased here.



8 Juichimen Kanzeon Bosatsu

This Image of Kannon Bosatsu or Deity of Mercy has eleven heads, implying a commitment to look for all living creatures on earth to save them. The image was enshrined at Itsukushima Shinto Shrine in the past. This fact shows the close connection between Shinto and Buddhism





You will find countless Buddhist teachings in the precincts. Simply standing here and being exposed to the serene atmosphere may enhance your peace of mind. Also, following the numbered sites will offer you a comprehensive understanding of the temple.

Namikiri Fudo Myo-o

Fudo Myo-o, or Immovable King, is an incarnated figure of Dainichi Nyorai, or Cosmic Buddha. The image is characterized by the fierce face to show his determination to destroy evil. Toyotomi Hideyoshi, one of three great unifiers of Japan in the 16th century, prayed to this image for safety at sea and victory in battle



1000 Fudo Images

Commemorating the succession of the current (77th) head priest, one thousand Fudo myo-o, or Immovable King, images were donated by

18 Mani Wheel

Spinning the wheel is believed to invite blessings equivalent to reading one volume of the Hannya-shinkyo, or Heart Sutra

🛯 Maniden Hall

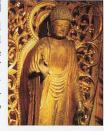
Maniden Hall is the main prayer hall where Sanki Daigongen, or the Three Awesome Deities of Mt. Misen, are enshrined. Countless worshippers come and pray asking for contentment in their daily lives, good health and longevity. Prayers accompanied by a taiko drum are offered every day.



🚯 Maniden Bodaisho Room

20 Amida Nyorai

A prince of the Imperial Family served as the head priest of the temple. He was a devout follower of Amida Nyorai, or Buddha of Infinite Light, believed to take humans to West Paradise.



2 Daishi-do Hall

Kukai, posthumously known as Kobo Daishi, founder of the Shingon sect in the 9th century, is enshrined here.



2 Ichigan Daishi

If a worshipper prays for only one wish, that one wish is realized through the mercy of Kobo Daishi, founder of the Shingon sect.



8 Henjyokutsu Cave

In this dimly lit cave are the sand and the principal Buddhist icons of the eighty eight temples of the prestigious pilgrimage route on Shikoku. Worshippers believe that they are given the same blessings as people who make the pilgrimage to all the temples on the route.



29 Hakkaku Manpuku Hall

Mivajima's famous Seven Deities of Good Fortune are enshrined in this octagonal hall. Believed to invite good fortune, a ceremony to appreciate these deities is held on July 7th every year.



Shaka Nehan Hall A Shaka Nehan Hall A Shaka Nehan Hall A Shaka Nehan Hall Shak

The image shows Shaka Nyorai, or Shaka Buddha, entering Nirvana surrounded by his sixteen disciples.





Sand Mandala

A gigantic mandala using colored sand depicts the divine figure of Kannon Bosatsu, the symbol of mercy. The mandala was made by Buddhist priests from Tibet



worshippers. The Goma Ritual of burning wooden sticks on which prayers are inscribed is held at ten o'clock every morning.



1233 Incarnated Kannon Images

Kannon Bosatsu, or Deity of Mercy, is believed to have been incarnated thirty three times to save the common people from their suffering. To show gratitude, thirty three incarnated figures are placed here.

One thousand images of Amida Nyorai, or Buddha of Infinite Light, believed to take the deceased to West Paradise, have been donated by worshippers. The temple's priests offer eternal memorial services for the ancestors of the worshippers.



Hochozuka Monument

A ceremony to give thanks to old kitchen knives that are no longer usable is held before this monument on March 8th





Aizen Myo-o

King Aizen Myo-o is be-

lieved to save humans from

worldly desires involving

lust or sexual passion, thus

leading to enlightenment.

🔞 Yakushi Nyorai

Yakushi Nyorai, or Medi-

cine Buddha, is believed to

maintain the health of

worshippers.

19 Mizukake Jizo

Seven Jizo Bosatsu images are placed here, centered on the one believed to redeem the spirits of deceased babies and children. Worshippers pour water on each of the Jizo images to console the souls of the loved ones.



Worshippers' Hall

Worshippers can use this hall for sutra transcription between 9 AM and 3 PM. All visitors are welcome to taste herb tea comprised of 16 herbs for good health.

27 Rokkaku Sabo Tea Room

A cozy tea room operated by the temple is situated near the Niomon Gate. It provides a relaxed atmosphere to the visitors.

